u3a Wycliffe Lutterworth

u3a learn, laugh, live

Members Bulletin Mar 2025

Wycliffe Lutterworth u3a

Annual General Meeting

13th March 2025 10:30am
Methodist Church Lutterworth

AGENDA

1. Welcome by Chairman and Notices
2. Apologies
3. Minutes of AGM 2024
4. Matters arising
5. Chairman's Report
6. Treasurer's Report and presentation of Accounts for 2024
7. Subscriptions for 2025/26
8. Election of Officers and Committee
9. Any Other Business
10. *Date of next Meeting – 12th March 2026*

Monthly Meetings

Welcome to the Wycliffe Lutterworth U3A. We meet on second Thursday of each month at the Methodist Church Hall. Tea, coffee and biscuits available from **10am – 10.30am.** An opportunity to meet friends old and new, book exchange, information about trips etc.

Our next meeting will feature something a little bit different. After the AGM on 13 March, Richard Hill will be conducting a Parkinson/Graham Norton style talk show session with Luke Farmer who is the store manager for the Lutterworth Aldi. So, come along to find out what it's like to manage a supermarket, see what needs to be done to keep the store well-supplied and staffed, get tips on how to handle awkward customers and understand the attraction of Aldi's famous central aisle. And, how do they do it for the price!

Andrea

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Wycliffe Lutterworth u3a Annual Lunch

Date:- Thursday 15/05/2025

Venue:- Lutterworth Golf Club

Time:- 12:30 for Dining at 13:00 hrs

Price:- Estimated at £30.00 per head.

Do not forget the Annual Luncheon- **Thursday 15/05/2025**. If you have not yet signed up it is not too late.

A sign -up sheet will be present at the March monthly meeting.

Alternatively email me at - chair@wycliffelutterworthu3a.org

Regards

Colin

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Series of talks by Richard Hill

Greetings everyone,
Over the years I have given several talks to the U3A which appear to have been well received. I am going to give three of them to the wider Lutterworth public in a fundraising bid for the Churchgate Community Centre. As you see below, the three talks are roughly a month apart and take place in St Mary's Church. Entrance tickets include a glass of wine to make the event more enjoyable/tolerable. If you haven't heard these talks before or if you would like to revisit them, I would be really grateful for your support. Equally grateful if you could spread the word to help raise a little money for the good cause. Thank You.
Richard

Lively Discussion Group

The Lively Discussion Group is held on the second Monday of each month. We meet for approximately two hours in a member's house and cover a different topic each month, leaving room for a general discussion on current affairs afterwards, accompanied by coffee and cake. We take a disciplined approach to the discussion so that everyone has space to speak and give their views.

If anyone would like to join us please contact Anne Watson (anne.watson53@gmail.com).

The title of February's discussion was **"Leics as a Unitary Authority - A Threat to Local Democracy?".**

We discussed the existing structure of county, district, town and parish councils, the advantages of streamlining and the possible problems this could lead to.

This was a tricky subject and there was no clear consensus but plenty to talk about. We rounded off the meeting with a current affairs discussion, mainly on Trump's latest shenanigans.

March's topic will be "Why do People believe in Conspiracy Theories".

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Gentle Cycling Group

Co-ordinator: Sue Creeden
01455 557888

For our first ride in February we repeated a route we cycled in early December when it was rather misty. This time we enjoyed bright sunshine (albeit a bit chilly!) and we were able to fully appreciate views of rural countryside. Starting from The Elms, we headed across the motorway and down to the lane to Misterton. Here we had to negotiate a bit of mud before reaching the footpath to Walcote. We crossed over the A4304 and pedalled up to Swinford Corner. Turning left we cycled to Swinford and then on to Catthorpe Farm Shop for coffee. Refreshed, we headed for Shawell, stopping briefly to see the carpet of snowdrops near the church. Lastly, we returned to Swinford Corner and rode along Swinford Road back to The Elms. A very enjoyable 11-mile outing.

The weather was not so kind for February ride number two. It was cold, damp, and grey. However, five brave souls assembled at Ullesthorpe Garden Centre for the outing. We headed off to Ullesthorpe and down the hill to Claybrooke Parva. Turning left after the church we pedalled up and across the A5 into Penn Lane. On reaching Mere Lane we turned right and enjoyed a flat couple of miles before turning right again to Cropston Magna. After a quick breather we climbed back to the A5 at High Cross, crossed over and enjoyed a gentle ride down through both the Claybrookes. Then came the steep hill up into Ullesthorpe. This is always such a struggle. It was then a leisurely ride back to the Garden Centre via Ashby Parva. Coffee afterwards was so warming!

Can you believe it, the Group managed a third ride this month. Wednesday 19th February was a cold dry morning when 5 hardy cyclists set off from Lutterworth Golf Club on a 13 mile ride. This took us to Swinford, out towards South Kilworth (up and down several hills) and down to Stanford on Avon with spectacular views of the reservoir and Stanford Hall on the way. We then cycled back through Swinford and out to Shawell where a sixth cyclist joined us for the final stretch. In Shawell we turned right along quiet roads to Swinford Corner then left to return to the Clubhouse for a nice warming drink.

Depending on the weather conditions, the next ride will be on Wednesday 19th March. Anyone fancying some fresh air and gentle exercise is welcome to join us. All you need is a roadworthy bike and a helmet. Electric bikes welcome. Just email me: sueandpeter.creeden@talktalk.net.

History Group Report - Feb 2025

Invasion, Conquest and the story of Boudica

Our topic this month took us a long way back in time to the period of the Roman invasions of Britain in 55BC, 54BC and 43AD and the famous revolt against the Romans, led by Boudica in 60AD. We began by looking at the lifestyle of the Celts who lived here in Iron Age Britain. The British Isles were divided into distinct areas each occupied by a different independent tribe. (Lutterworth was in the tribal area of the Corieltavi). The Celtic people had a structured society but lived a low-key rural lifestyle, occupying large roundhouses made of wattle and daub and thatch. It was a life of self-sufficiency lived in small family communities in which women seem to have had an equal role. In contrast, they also used huge hill forts, such as the one at Burrough on the Hill. Nobody today really understands their precise purpose but these massive earthworks seem to have had many roles, including seasonal gathering places and as defensive sites. The Celts were skilled warriors, using lightweight shields and wielding knives and spears. An Iron Age shield unearthed at Enderby in 2001 was made of bark and initially believed to be some sort of model because nobody could believe such lightweight materials could work in a battle, until experimental archaeology built one and found the design was surprisingly effective in repelling blows in a fight. Most famously, these people had perfected the art of fighting using horsedrawn chariots. This was thought to be a myth for many years until an experimental archaeologist built one in the 1970s! The Celts also had a well-established spiritual life, worshipping a pantheon of gods and goddesses linked to nature, such as Sulis, the goddess of the hot springs in Bath. Although these people lived an unsophisticated lifestyle, they had a well-developed culture and were not primitive barbarians although portrayed as such by Roman writers. They were skilled in metal work and other crafts but because were not a literate society, we never hear their side of the story, although archaeology is filling in some of the gaps. This was a period of great disunity in the British Isles and each tribe constantly fought its neighbours, a fact which the Romans could easily exploit.

The Romans invaded Britain three times in 55BC, 54BC and 43AD. The first time was Julius Caesar who completed the conquest of Gaul in the 50s and turned to Britain to enhance his personal prestige back in Rome. He arrived with a small force in 55BC and claimed it as a new province called ‘Britannia’ but it was really a token effort, unlike his invasion a year later. In 54bc his army forced its way through Kent towards the Thames and into Essex and defeated two important tribes in battle, the Catuvellauni and the Trinovantes. They were forced to become clients of Rome, accepting their overlordship and paying tribute and so making Caesar’s claims to the islands a reality. Caesar, however, had other priorities and, rather than consolidating this success and taking over the rest of the country, he left to pursue his political ambitions in Rome. The tribes in the Southeast settled down to a mutually beneficial relationship with Rome and trade flourished for the next 80 years. Treaties with Rome made them feel secure and they seem to have been lulled into the false idea that Rome was not a threat. Unfortunately, they later discovered that the Romans believed treaties with ‘barbarians’ were not binding!

When Claudius became Emperor in 41AD the position changed. Claudius was in a vulnerable position politically in Rome and needed a prestigious victory to secure his power and a new invasion of Britannia was just the thing to achieve one. So, in 43AD the Romans returned in force. The size of the Claudian invasion force is hard to imagine, Four Legions of well-trained soldiers (20,000) plus about 20,000 Auxiliaries and Cavalry. Historians estimate that a fleet of between 700 to 1000 ships arrived. The logistics of getting it all here must have been formidable. This was the D-Day of the ancient world!

Historians are still unsure where they landed. Some think it was around Chichester but others believe it was further round the coast at Richborough. Once the invading force was established, General Aulus Plautius swung into action, building forts and military roads to enable the Legions to fan out and take control. A great battle was fought somewhere near the River Medway in which the Celtic army of the Catuvellauni and their allies was smashed. The Romans then advanced towards Camelodunum, (Colchester) and besieged the settlement until Emperor Claudius could arrive from Gaul. Claudius needed the prestige of personally leading the attack but he brought a force to be reckoned with, Not just the elite soldiers of his Praetorian Guard but elephants! It must have been a terrifying spectacle for the defenders in Camelodunum, They were quickly overrun and the Celts were defeated. Claudius then called the Celtic leaders to come to Camelodunum and personally took the surrender of eleven different tribes. Victory was complete. Claudius only stayed in Britannia for 16 days and returned to Rome in triumph!

The Romans pressed forward with their invasion and occupation with very few setbacks. Three Roman towns were established, Camulodunum, which became the capital city, Verulamium (St Albans) and Londinium on the banks for the Thames, These three were Romanised towns with great temples acting as the focal point and peopled with ex-soldiers and Roman traders plus British people keen to adopt the Roman ways. As the invaders progressed, they twinned local gods and goddesses with Roman ones to encourage the locals to accept them, At Camelodunum's centre, they built a huge temple to Claudius as a god, after his death in 54AD. Meanwhile a network of military roads grew and soon much of the southern and eastern parts of the country were secured, with the Fosseway as the border. Massive legionary fortresses at Gloucester and Lincoln controlled the outlying areas. It was a full-scale military occupation and despite some brave opposition by the Celts, the campaign went smoothly for the Romans largely because the Celts' military skills were no match for the formidably well organised Roman army. By about 50AD a period of consolidation and colonisation was under way and soon the edges of Empire began to be extended again into the North and West.

In 60AD, the Roman General, Suetonius Paulinus, was leading the onslaught further afield in Wales, busy crushing the rebellious Welsh tribes and the Druids when unexpected news came of an uprising in northern East Anglia, the territory of the Iceni tribe. The leader was Queen Boudica and she led a rebellion which was entirely triggered by a betrayal by the Romans. Boudica's husband, Prasutagus, had agreed with Claudius to leave half of his lands and power to Rome in his will if his daughters could inherit the rest. Claudius agreed but by the time of Prasutagus' death, Emperor Nero was in power and in no mood to allow these presumptuous barbarians to keep anything. He instructed the Governor of Britannia, Decianus Catus, to renege on the deal. The Iceni were outraged! When they protested, the Romans used extreme force to humiliate and crush the tribe, Queen Boudica was publicly flogged and her daughters raped. It was too much to bear and Boudica swore revenge. She raised a rebel army in East Anglia and other disaffected tribes flocked to her cause and marched towards the Romanised settlements in the South.

The dramatic destructive march of Boudica's army is well known. First Camelodunum was utterly destroyed and its citizens murdered. Then most of the IX Legion was wiped out in a pitched battle. Following such astonishing success, the rebel army grew even larger and marched on Londinium. Suetonius Paulinus hurried south intending to defend Londinium but then decided to sacrifice the town rather than risk defeat as they were heavily outnumbered. Instead, he decided to try to lure Boudica into a set battle where the Romans would have the advantage. His decision meant those in Londinium who could not flee were slaughtered and the buildings burnt down. The Roman chroniclers described horrific cruelty and barbarism in their accounts. After some time celebrating, Boudica turned north and attacked and destroyed Verulamium. By this time, Boudica's objective was to drive out the invaders but at this point everything went wrong for her.

Rather than return to her stronghold in East Anglia, she took her forces north to meet the Roman army, believing victory would drive the enemy out for good. Suetonius Paulinus seems to have set them up, choosing a battlefield in a narrow valley which suited the Roman tactics and hampered the British, preventing them from deploying their chariots. The result was a massacre, compounded by the Celt's habit of bringing their family with them to war as it meant that their camps at the rear cut off the fleeing warriors' retreat. There was no coming back from this defeat although Boudica escaped, She is said to have committed suicide while the fate of her daughters is unknown. From then on Rome's victory in Britannia was secure.

There is so much we don't know about these events. Caesars' writings tell his version of events for the first invasions. The two sources of the occupation and Boudica's revolt that have survived for us, by Tacitus (c120AD) and Cassius Dio (c 220AD), were both written years after these events so are secondary evidence. All written sources tell the story from the Roman point of view. The later version is more detailed, suggesting Time added many embellishments to the tale! Historians have also disagreed for years about the whereabouts of the last battle although it is thought to be near Watling Street. Some suggest it was near to High Cross; some suggest Mancetter. Some suggest further south nearer to St Albans, One recent study of landscape by an historical geographer asserts it was near Tring, I doubt we shall ever know for sure unless a chance archaeological discovery enlightens us.

Despite this, the heroic story of Boudica, fighting against oppression, is woven into our national identity as her impressive statue in Westminster shows.

The rest of the meeting was taken up by a discussion on possible trips out later in the year. More next meeting on that!

Our meetings take place on the first Tuesday of the month. We meet in Dunton Bassett Village Hall from 2pm till 4pm.

The dates of the next meeting is Tuesday April 1st

Viv

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Evening Dining Club

We meet the second Wednesday evening of every Month, apart from December. The aim will be to visit a range of venues, so hopefully that throughout the year there will be something to appeal to everyone. Please let me know if there is a particular favourite place of yours and it can be added to the ‘hat’.

Sometimes the numbers will be restricted, so keep an eye on the Bulletin, and at the monthly meetings for information.

In February we visited Lutterworth Golf Club and everyone agreed it was a great venue with very good food. It was a very successful evening and there are plans afoot for a repeat visit in the summer months, when hopefully we can take advantage of the views.

Our March visit to AVATAR is fully subscribed.

April 2025

Wednesday 9th April 7.00 pm

The Old Vicarage, Whetstone is the venue.

The table is booked for 20.

I will need your confirmation and menu choices no later than

Tuesday 1st April please.

Menu choices available on line, or there will be a copy available on the tables at the AGM in March.

Thank you and look forward to seeing you soon.

Denise Taylor

email: wlu3secretary2024@outlook.com Text to: 07711086927

Give it a Go: The Escape Room

Six intrepid voyagers boarded R.M.S. Titanic to solve a series of dastardly clues and escape the ever threatening iceberg. Sadly we failed in our allotted time although we were able to hone up our morse code and semaphore skills. Luckily there was a crew member who was able to lead us to safety and reviving drinks at a nearby coffee shop.

Anne

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Art Appreciation Report

Our February meeting was at the Attenborough Arts Centre in Leicester to see the exhibition “CRIP ARTE SPAZIO”

“This is the first international exhibition about the UK Disability Arts Movement (DAM) and includes work by Abi Palmer, Tanya Raabe-Webber, Tony Heaton OBE and many more. This exhibition celebrates artists and activists who broke barriers, protested for change and fought for disability rights. After the launch at the VENICE BIENNALE 2024, Italy, the exhibition is now touring the UK, with the first location being the Attenborough Centre.”

We had booked tickets to listen to the introduction by the curator and two artists. Afterwards we viewed the artwork and agreed, that this visit was very thought provoking, powerful and worthwhile. We were visually confronted with the campaigning for the rights for disabled people. They took and are still taking their struggles forward and turning them into radical Art, cut against the often patronising institutions. They were showing, they can create originally and dynamically, just as well as any one non-disabled.

The very lively and engaged discussion continued over a light lunch at the Centre.

Next session: Friday, 14.3.2025

Time: 11 am at the Gallery

(P&R as usual, alight at De Montfort Uni)

Venue: De Montfort Gallery

“Made in the Middle” (Recommended by Marilyn Hemsley)

FOURTH WEDNESDAY WALKING GROUP

Walk Report – 26th February 2025

When we arrived at South Kilworth Golf Club it was raining cats and dogs. It was agreed that it would not be much fun to walk and underfoot could be a bit sloshy and slippery so the walk was cancelled. Some did go for a little stroll and were rewarded by the rain stopping about 15 minutes later!. The moral of this is “don`t trust weather forecasts”. Some who stayed had lunch at the golf club and some even returned from home to join them.

Peter Creeden

FOURTH WEDNESDAY WALKING GROUP

Co-ordinators:- Sue and Peter Creeden (Please use your U3A website if you need to contact

Wednesday 26th March 2025

Walk Organisers: Sue and Peter Creeden

Meeting Point For Lifts:- Lutterworth Recreation Ground car park at 09.20am to leave at 09.25am.

Start Point and Time: Main Street, Peatling Magna

Directions to start : Take the A426 to Dunton Basset. Turn right to go through Ashby Magna and onto Willoughby Waterleys. Turn right to Peatling Magna. At the T junction turn up Main Street into Peatling Magna. We have obtained permission to park in the Cock Inn car park which is on the right opposite the pub (LE8 5UQ). **There will not be any toilets**.

Lunch Arrangements: We regret there are none. The nearest pubs that will be open to serve food are possibly The Shires at Peatling Parva or possibly The Bull or White Horse at Broughton Astley

Route and distance : We have chosen this walk because it gives us the option to chose a mainly hard surface option if the weather continues to be as wet as it has been recently. Either walk will be a Peatling Magna to Arnseby circular. Both will be approximately 4.5miles. The more country route will have approximately 11 stiles whilst the other route will have only one stile.

ESTG 2nd Visit to Taylors Bell Foundry

Our first recent ESTG visit to Taylors Bell Foundry took place in November last year and due to the over subscription of that event we planned a second one for 2025.

On 20th February we ran this second visit with 15 members in a full minibus from Lutterworth.

I am not going to repeat here details already covered in Tony Allen's excellent and comprehensive account in January's Bulletin of the ESTG first visit to Taylors Foundry.
I really do recommend the reader to looks at Tony's account in last months bulletin for detailed history of the Company but just to say we had the same guided tour to the first visit but I think we were lucky, as the outside temperature was in double figures, so we had a more comfortable tour of the un-heated foundry site…..however neither of our tours saw the foundry actually working or pouring of metal.
Thursdays are the main weekday scheduled for smelting/pouring of the Bronze and they generally complete this twice a month, and although it was planned to coincide with our 2nd visit, this operation was postponed until the following week unfortunately.

The only difference between the 1st and 2nd tour was that we saw the site mid morning and not mid afternoon, which showed some areas working a different shift pattern to the first visit but the overall our tours covered the same areas.

Tony's account, details the latest financial upgrade of the site following falling into administration in 2009 and refinancing by **UK Bell Foundries** a consortium of ringers and members of the bell industry.
2016 saw the directors founding the **Loughborough Bell foundry Trust (LBF)** and, after all assets transferred in perpetuity, they obtained emergency funding from **UK Historic England to preserve the Grade II buildings allowing the business of Bell manufacture/restoration to run via LBF within the trust owned buildings.**

The business of manufacturing Bells SUPRISINGLY **accounts for only 20% of its overall revenue with the majority 80% generated by the more labour intensive work involved in restoring existing bell installations in historic sites around the UK**.

In most cases this project will include; dis-assembling the bell support unit structure and lowering bells and framework safely to ground level. back at the foundry replacing or repairing wood work on the bell swivel mountings, Rope wheels and often restoration of the cast iron bell gimbal equipment.

As a rough order, restoration costs for a typical refurbishment project can be costed out at somewhere between £20,000 and £25,000 per bell in a peel of 6 or more assemblies in a spire were no new bells are required… so not a cheap operation but one which would preserve the Bells operating for the next generation and on.

Being the only UK Bell Foundry left, Taylors order book is looking comfortingly constructive for the future…..

Facts learned during our visit which essentially set Taylors apart from other foundries, (the main UK competitor that being Whitechapel Foundry of London which sadly closed in 2017) was;
1) *main percentage constituents of the bronze metal used by Taylors- this being* ***22% Tin and 78% Copper*** ***which gave the bells a more pure tone from the more common ratio of 12% Tin and 88% Copper.***

2) When "***Tuning"*** the bell frequencies by metal removal to achieve a note pitch, the Taylor family had researched in the late 1800s, the harmonic correlation between the different musical note pitch frequencies and concluded **that to achieve the best sounding harmony between a peel of Bells, it required some of the bells to be pitched " lower or higher in frequency than the perfect pitch.**
This 'slightly out of tune" combination gave the bells a much better matched sound when rung together so giving Taylors a commercial edge to the business.

*Note - Early cast Bells often were 'tuned' by carefully chipping the inside edge of the Bell-mouth, this can be seen in one of the photos below, modern method however is to machine the inside profile on a vertical lathe or vertical borer.

It will be some time before the ESTG visit Taylors again, but however long it is, I am confident the process will remain exactly as we saw it in 2015, 2024 and again in Feb 2025.

Chris Ridley

My thanks to Tony Allen for arranging this 2nd visit for our group,
'Hugh' our excellent Community Bus driver and our Taylors tour guide Gary Harden.

Pre Foundry Talk and refreshments

Factory floor and our guide explaining the

Demonstration Bell assembly

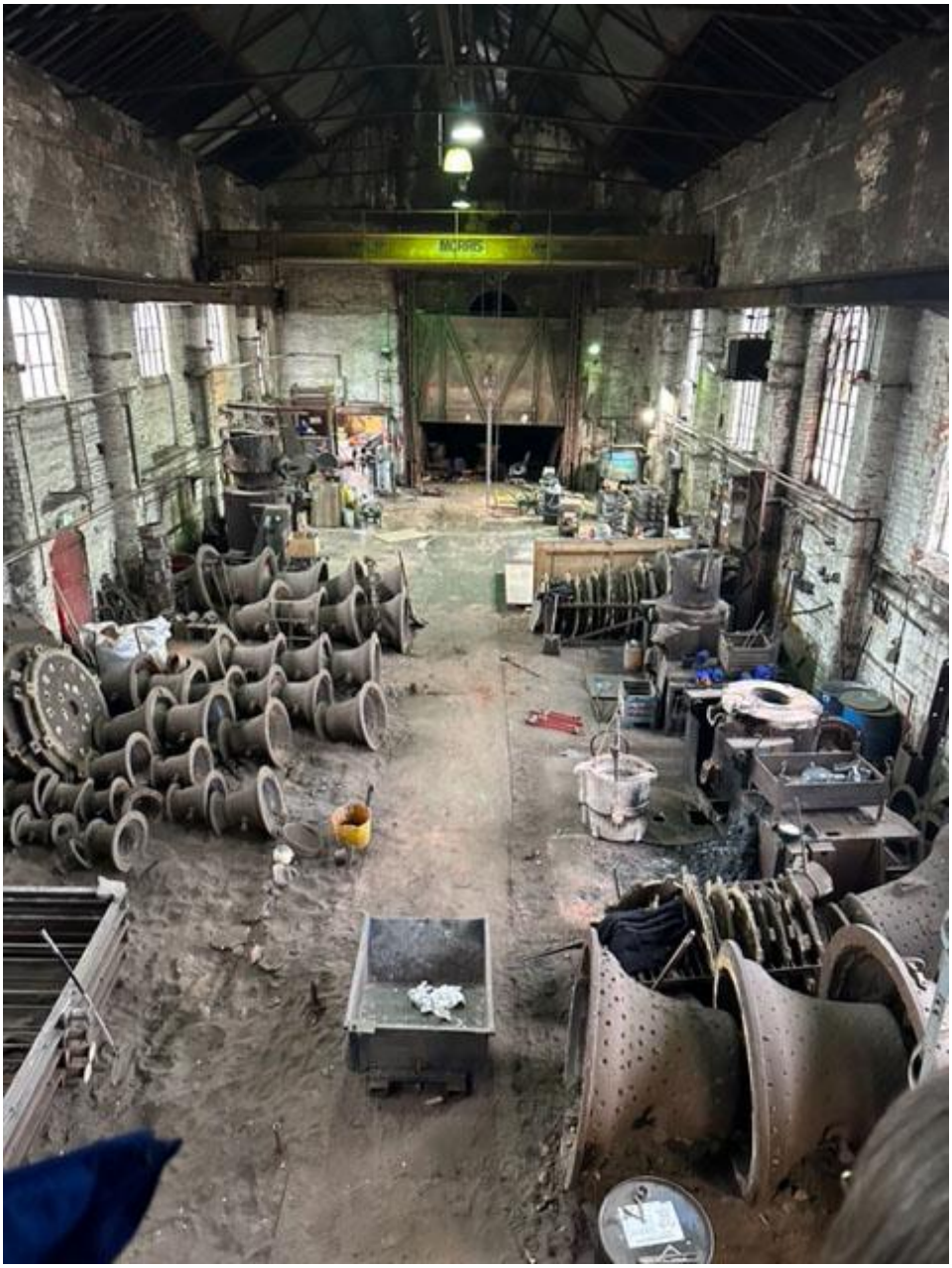
*Example of "Chipped Edge" Tuning of older Bells

Rebuilding of Bell rope Wheel-assembly with new wood

(Tulip and Sapeile) on original old oak frame (grey colour)

Foundry Hall with Oil Fired smelting furnaces 1-3 Ton capacity on either side with sand casting drying oven at the top in the picture. various sizes of Bell cast- iron Outer Mould parts (in size order) can be seen lefthand side of floor plus 3 larger ones in RH foreground.

The inner part of the mould in made of solidified sand/resin profiled to the Bell inner shape….



U3A Snail's Walking Group

February Walk at Catthorpe

Nine of us walked and talked along the lanes and field between Catthorpe and Lilbourne – with blue skies and sun. It was good to see the signs of spring, with pristine snowdrops, and we enjoyed lunch at the Manor Farm Café.

The Head of Steam pub on Station Road, in Lilbourne, is independently run and serves food - worth looking at their Facebook page.

Next walk is on Friday 21st March at Thornton Reservoir

The Walk

Our walk will start from the car park of The Bricklayers Arms (213 Main Street, Thornton, LE67 1AH) at 11.00 am after we have pre-ordered lunch (see below for details).

There is a path from St Peter's Church to the circular walk around Thornton Reservoir. I can collect the key to the church from the village store, so those who want to can look inside.

The walk will be largely on gravel paths, but it can be a bit muddy after rain.

Lunch

We will have lunch at The Bricklayers Arms. Phone: 01530 230808.

We can pre-order at 10.45am before starting the walk.

A limited menu because they are only catering for walking groups at present.(And trying to recruit a full-time chef.)

Directions from Lutterworth to The Bricklayers Arms, 213 Main Street, Coalville, Leicestershire, LE67 1AH.

- Take the M1 North, from Lutterworth, leaving at Junction 22.
- Take the A511 exit to Ashby/Coalville.
- At the roundabout, take the first exit onto Cliffe Lane (signposted Stanton, Thornton).
- At the next roundabout continue straight over onto Cliffe Hill Road.
- Take the next left into Elliott's Lane and then right onto Broad Lane.
- Broad Lane turns slightly right and becomes Markfield Lane.
- The next left is Main Street, and the pub is on the left.

Contact

If you want to come on this walk, please contact me by **Wednesday 19th March.**

Email: mandycutler@sky.com or text/phone on 07724 124094.

Let me know if you are staying for lunch.

Snail's Pace Walking Group: New Walkers Welcome.

We are a very friendly group of people who enjoy a bit of exercise, the opportunity to socialise and a pub lunch afterwards - optional, of course!

Our walks take place on the third Friday of the month, starting at 11.00am. The walks are 3 miles or under, as a guide, and we try to avoid stiles that require a climb! If you want to come along, you will be most welcome. Just get in touch with me on 07724 124094. **Best wishes, Mandy Cutler.**

Used Stamps

PLEASE BRING ALONG YOUR USED STAMPS TO THE NEXT MEETING

As you know, Liz White of Lutterworth U3A is collecting used stamps on behalf of **Medical Detection Dogs**. If you have any **foreign or unusual stamps,** please bring them along and give them to Sue Creeden at the monthly meeting. Please could you ensure they have approximately a 1cm (roughly a finger's width) surround.

Medical Detection Dogs have received sufficient ordinary first and second class stamps, so these are now no longer required.

If you cannot make the meetings, you can always pop them through Sue's door – 25 Holly Drive, Lutterworth. Sue will then pass them on to Liz.

Many thanks.

Sue

* * * * *

Homework Needed

Some homework needed for our **April** meeting.

On Thursday April 10th 2025 we have a visit from Mr John Richardson, Chief Executive at Harborough District Council.

I would like to send him some questions, from you, in advance.
So if you want to know anything about how the council works or future plans please send your questions to me before MARCH 27th

ALSO, Ann Hetherington has kindly arranged for TWAM to be present on April 10th for the collection of any unwanted tools. Please bring them along on that day.

Many thanks.

Andrea

Committee Members

Office	Name
Chairperson ….....	Colin Beadle
Secretary ….....	Denise Taylor
Treasurer.....	Nigel Bones
Speaker Finder.....	Andrea Nichol
Minutes Secretary.....	Anne Dean
Membership Secretary ….....	Linda Teague
Co-opted Committee Member …	Mike Chapman
Committee Member.....	Ruth Bones
Committee Member.....	Sue Poulter
Committee Member.....	Michael Bates
Committee Member ….....	Sally Wood
Committee Member ….....	Richard Hill

Note: Any committee member can be contacted via our email address:

thewycliffelutterworthu3a@gmail.com

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